



U.S. Department of Justice

Immigration and Naturalization Service

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OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS  
425 Eye Street N.W.  
ULLB, 3rd Floor  
Washington, D.C. 20533

**PUBLIC COPY**

File:

Office: Rome

Date: 06 NOV 2001

IN RE:

Applicant:

Application: Application for Travel Document Pursuant to Section 223 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1203

IN BEHALF OF APPLICANT: Self-represented

Identifying data deleted to  
prevent clearly unwarranted  
invasion of personal privacy

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision in your case. All documents have been returned to the office which originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or the analysis used in reaching the decision was inconsistent with the information provided or with precedent decisions, you may file a motion to reconsider. Such a motion must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions. Any motion to reconsider must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider, as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.5(a)(1)(i).

If you have new or additional information which you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reopen. Such a motion must state the new facts to be proved at the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. Any motion to reopen must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reopen, except that failure to file before this period expires may be excused in the discretion of the Service where it is demonstrated that the delay was reasonable and beyond the control of the applicant or petitioner. Id.

Any motion must be filed with the office which originally decided your case along with a fee of \$110 as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.7.

FOR THE ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER,  
EXAMINATIONS

*for Myra L. Moser*  
Robert P. Wiemann, Acting Director  
Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** This is a Service motion to reopen the Associate Commissioner for Examination's decision dismissing the appeal of the Application for Travel Document. The previous decision of the Associate Commissioner will be withdrawn. The appeal will be dismissed.

The applicant is a native and citizen of Kosovo (Yugoslavia), who seeks to obtain a travel document under section 223 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. 1203. The director denied the application for a refugee travel document after determining that the applicant did not establish that he did not intend to abandon his refugee status at the time of his departure from the United States.

On appeal, the applicant states that he returned to Kosovo for the reburial ceremony of his mother and relatives. The applicant also states that he did not think he would have a problem returning to the United States.

The regulation at 8 C.F.R. 223.2(b)(2) allows for the approval of a refugee travel document if the application (Form I-131) is filed by a person who is in the United States at the time of application, and either holds valid refugee status under section 207 of the Act, valid asylum status under section 208 of the Act, or is a permanent resident and received such status as a direct result of his or her asylum or refugee status.

The applicant was admitted to the United States with his brother, as a refugee pursuant to section 207 of the Act on August 4, 1999. The applicant states that he and his brother returned to Kosovo on September 15, 1999 to find out what happened to their home and to rebury their mother's ashes. The applicant also states that he and his brother were looking forward to going home and paying a visit to the relatives that survived.

The record indicates that the applicant was born on October 25, 1977 in Kosovo (Yugoslavia). The applicant completed an Application for Travel Document (Form I-131) on May 23, 2000, which was submitted to the Immigration Service office at the American Embassy, Rome, Italy.

The regulation at 223.2(b)(2)(ii) states in pertinent part:

As a matter of discretion,... an overseas district director having jurisdiction over the place where an alien is physically present...may accept and adjudicate an application for a refugee travel document from an alien who previously had been admitted to the United States as a refugee,...and who had departed from the United States without having applied for such refugee travel document, provided:

(B) The district director is satisfied that the alien did not intend to abandon his or her refugee status at the time of departure from the United States.

(C) The alien did not engage in any activities while outside the United States that would be inconsistent with continued refugee or asylee status; and

(D) The alien has been outside the United States for less than 1 year since his or her last departure.

The applicant has been outside the United States for more than one and one-half years. Further, the applicant has not established that he did not engage in any activities while outside the United States that would be inconsistent with continued refugee or asylee status. Consequently, the applicant has not established that he did not intend to abandon his refugee status at the time of his departure from the United States. Therefore, this application cannot be approved.

The burden of proof in these proceedings rests solely with the applicant. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. 1361. The applicant has not met that burden.

**ORDER:** The previous decision of the Associate Commissioner for Examinations is withdrawn. The appeal is dismissed.